

STEVEN L. BESHEAR Governor

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

501 HIGH STREET FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40620 Phone (502) 564-3226 Fax (502) 564-3875 www.kentucky.gov LORI HUDSON FLANERY
Secretary

THOMAS B. MILLER Commissioner

In the matter of:

	, LLC
Contact:	, CPA

FINAL RULING NO. 2014-15 May 8, 2014

Sales and Use Tax Assessments for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011

FINAL RULING

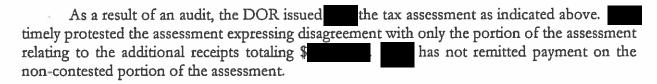
The Kentucky Department of Revenue ("the DOR") has an outstanding sales and use tax assessment totaling sales against against LLC ("LC") for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011. The following schedule reflects the amount of outstanding tax and applicable interest accrued to date:

Period	Tax Due	Interest to 05/08/14	Tloral 1
01/01/08-12/31/08	\$	4	\$
01/01/09-12/31/09	\$	\$	\$
01/01/10-12/31/10	\$	\$	\$
01/01/11-12/31/11	\$	5	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$

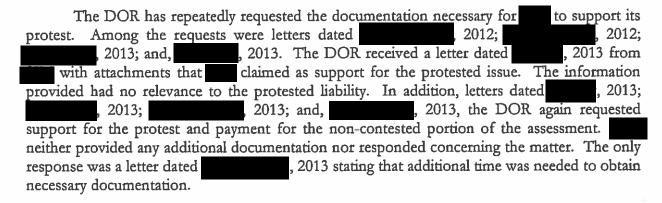
operated as a new and used automobile dealership and also sold or provided automotive parts and service.







At issue is whether has met the supporting statement requirement of KRS 131.110(1) with respect to the portion of the audit assessment that remains under protest.



The DOR contends that the has not met the supporting statement requirement of KRS 131.110(1) with respect to the portion of the original assessment that remains under protest.

KRS 131.110 requires that a supporting statement must accompany each protest itemizing the grounds for and information upon which the protest is made. The statement must set forth whether the protest is based on a factual disagreement and/or a disagreement in the interpretation of the applicable statutes. If there are disputed factual issues the company must provide financial statements, records or some other documentation which will allow the DOR some basis for reconsideration. Also, the statement must identify the specific adjustment(s) to which the protest relates.

The Kentucky courts have held that KRS 131.110 imposes upon a taxpayer protesting an assessment or a refund denial a legal duty to provide the Department with "something more substantial than mere denials of tax liability." <u>Eagle Machine Co., Inc. v. Commonwealth ex rel. Gillis</u>, 698 S.W.2d 528, 530 (Ky. App. 1985). In order to make a valid protest, a taxpayer must "provide financial statements, records or some other documentation that would allow [the DOR] some basis for reconsideration." <u>Id</u>. at 529.

The courts have held that this statutory provision (KRS 131.110(1)) is "mandatory in nature" and that failure to submit documentation as it requires will result in the taxpayer's loss of the right to further review of the assessment or refund denial in question. Scotty's Construction Co. v. Revenue Cabinet, 779 S.W.2d 234 (Ky. App. 1989). In both Scotty's Construction and Eagle Machine, the taxpayers failed to provide any substantial information in

support of their denials of tax liability, despite being given ample opportunity to do. The same is true in this matter.

Therefore, the outstanding sales and use tax assessments totaling applicable interest) are legitimate liabilities of LLC due the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This letter is the final ruling of the Department of Revenue.

APPEAL

You may appeal this final ruling to the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals pursuant to the provisions of KRS 131.110, KRS 131.340-131.365, 103 KAR 1:010 and 802 KAR 1:010. If you decide to appeal this final ruling, your petition of appeal must be filed at the principal office of the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals, 128 Brighton Park Boulevard, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-3714, within thirty (30) days from the date of this final ruling. The rules of the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals, which are set forth in 802 KAR 1:010, require that the petition of appeal must:

- 1. Be filed in quintuplicate;
- 2. Contain a brief statement of the law and facts in issue;
- 3. Contain the petitioner's or appellant's position as to the law and facts; and
- 4. Include a copy of this final ruling with each copy of the petition of appeal.

The petition of appeal must be in writing and signed by the petitioner or appellant. Filings by facsimile or other electronic means shall not be accepted.

Proceedings before the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals are conducted in accordance with 103 KAR 1:010, 802 KAR 1:010 and KRS 131.340-131.365 and KRS Chapter 13B. Formal hearings are held by the Board concerning the tax appeals before it, with all testimony and proceedings officially reported. Legal representation of parties to appeals before the Board is governed by the following rules set forth in Section 3 of 802 KAR 1:010:

- 1. An individual may represent himself in any proceedings before the Board where his individual tax liability is at issue or he may obtain an attorney to represent him in those proceedings;
- 2. An individual who is not an attorney may not represent any other individual or legal entity in any proceedings before the Board;
- 3. In accordance with Supreme Court Rule 3.020, if the appealing party is a corporation, trust, estate, partnership, joint venture, LLC, or any other artificial legal entity, the entity must be represented by an attorney on all matters before the Board, including the filing of the petition of appeal. If the petition of appeal is filed by a non-attorney representative for the legal entity, the appeal will be dismissed by the Board; and

4. An attorney who is not licensed to practice in Kentucky may practice before the Board only if he complies with Rule 3.030(2) of the Rules of the Kentucky Supreme Court.

You will be notified by the Clerk of the Board of the date and time set for any hearing.

Sincerely,

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET

Attorney Manager

Office of Legal Services for Revenue

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

CC:

